

T-74-05-01

Monolithic Integrated Circuit

Application: Audio power amplifier for radios and television receivers

Features:

- Output stage short circuit protected
- Thermal shut down protected
- Characteristic specification according to DIN 45500
- Simple mounting due to ≈ TO-220 casing

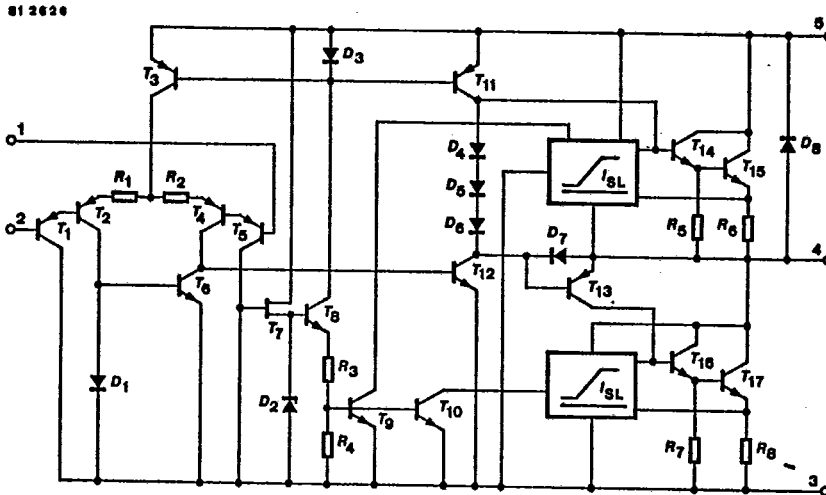


Fig. 1 Diagram and pin connections, Pin 3 connected with metallic surface

Absolute maximum ratings

Reference point: Common power supply

Supply voltage	Pin 5-3	$\pm V_S$	18	V
Input voltage	Pin 1+2	V_I	V_S	V
Differential input voltage	Pin 1-2	$\pm V_{ID}$	15	V
Peak output current (repetitive)	Pin 4	I_{OM}	3.5	A
Power dissipation	Fig. 2	P_{tot}	20	W
$T_{case} = 90^\circ\text{C}$		T_j	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature		T_{stg}	-40...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range				

TDA 2030

T-74-05-01

Thermal resistance			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Junction case		R_{thJC}			3	K/W
Electrical characteristics						
$\pm V_S = 14\text{ V}$, $G_v = 30\text{ dB}$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$						
Reference point: Common power supply, unless otherwise specified						
Supply voltage	Pin 5-3	$\pm V_S$	6		18	V
Quiescent drain current	Fig. 4	Pin 5	I_{SB}	40	60	mA
Total supply current		Pin 5	I_{Stot}	900		mA
		Pin 5	I_{Stot}	515		mA
Thermal shut down						
$P_{tot} = 12\text{ W}$		T_{case}	110			$^\circ\text{C}$
Supply voltage rejection ratio						
$R_L = 4\ \Omega$, $V_{hum} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $f_{hum} = 100\text{ Hz}$, $R_G = 22\text{ k}\Omega$	Fig. 5	SVR	40	50		dB
Input offset voltage						
$\pm V_S = 18\text{ V}$		Pin 1-2	$\pm V_{IO}$	2	20	mV
Input offset current						
$\pm V_S = 18\text{ V}$		Pin 1, 2	$\pm I_{IO}$	20	200	nA
Input current						
$\pm V_S = 18\text{ V}$		Pin 1, 2	I_I	0.2	1	μA
Output offset voltage						
$\pm V_S = 18\text{ V}$		Pin 4	$\pm V_{OO}$	2.5	22	mV
Output power	Fig. 8, 9					
$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $d = 0.5\%$, $R_L = 4\ \Omega$		P_o	12	14		W
$R_L = 8\ \Omega$		P_o	8	9		W
$d = 10\%$, $R_L = 4\ \Omega$		P_o		18		W
$R_L = 8\ \Omega$		P_o		11		W
Input voltage	Fig. 10, 11	Pin 1				
$P_o = 12\text{ W}$, $R_L = 4\ \Omega$		V_I		215		mV
$P_o = 8\text{ W}$, $R_L = 8\ \Omega$		V_I		250		mV
Input resistance		Pin 1	R_I	0.5	5	$\text{M}\Omega$
Band width (-3 dB)	Fig. 6, 7					
$V_S = 18\text{ V}$, $R_L = 4\ \Omega$, $C_3 = 1000\text{ pF}$		B		10...140000		Hz
Distortion	Fig. 12, 13					
$P_o = 0.1...12\text{ W}$, $R_L = 4\ \Omega$		d		0.2	0.5	%
$P_o = 0.1...8\text{ W}$, $R_L = 8\ \Omega$		d		0.1	0.5	%

TDA 2030

7-74-05-01

		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Voltage gain					
Open loop			90		dB
Closed loop	Fig. 3		30		dB
Input noise voltage					
$B = 10 \dots 25000 \text{ Hz}, R_L = 4 \Omega$			3	10	μV
Input noise current					
$B = 10 \dots 25000 \text{ Hz}, R_L = 4 \Omega$			80	200	pA

Thermal Switching off

The protective circuit will be effective against thermal overload of the IC; therefore, the heat sink should be dimensioned only for normal operating conditions.

Short circuit protection

The output stage of the integrated circuit is protected against overload due to short circuit of the load resistance.

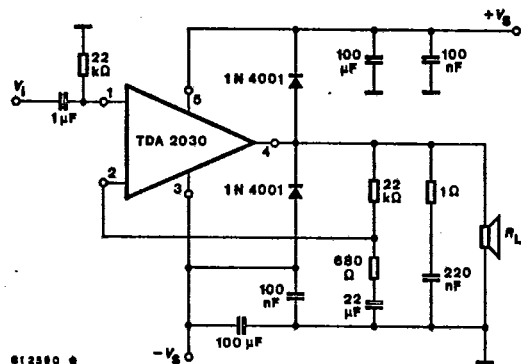
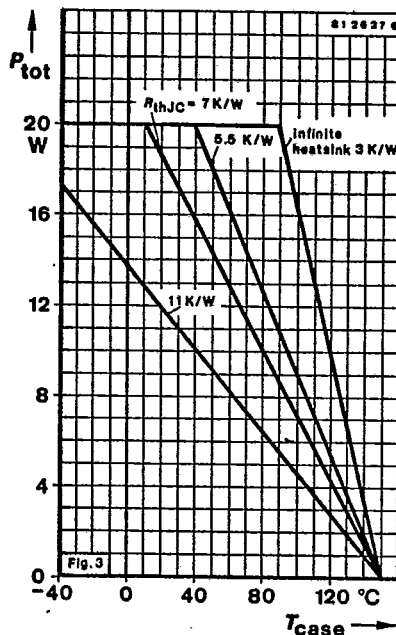
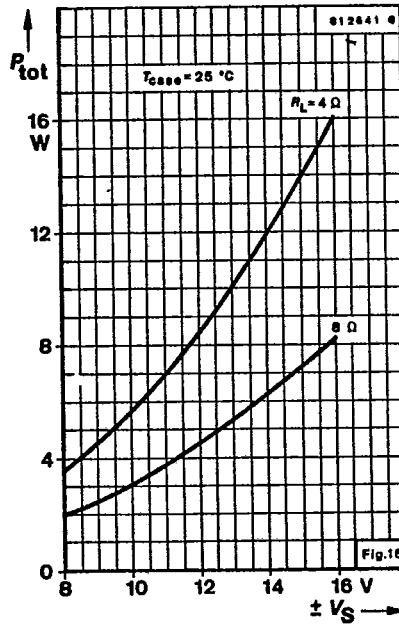
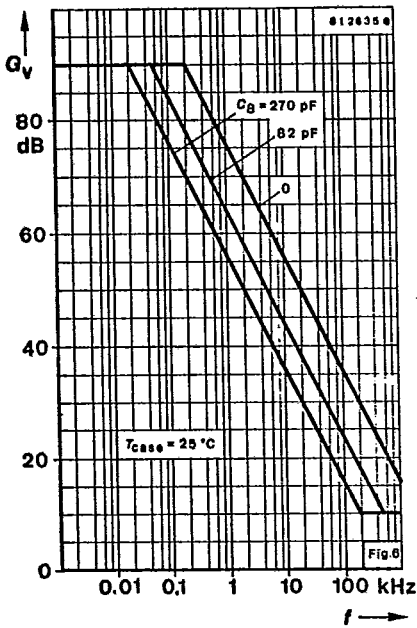
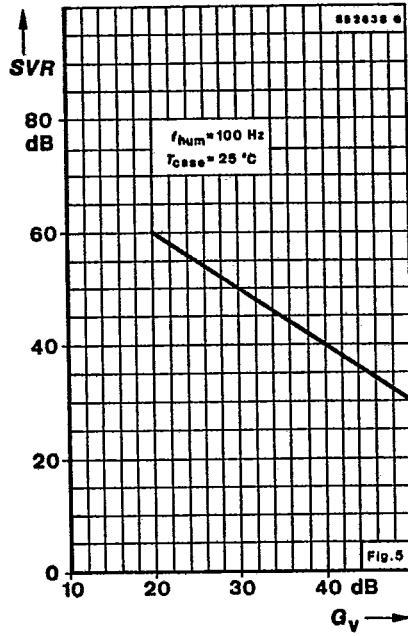
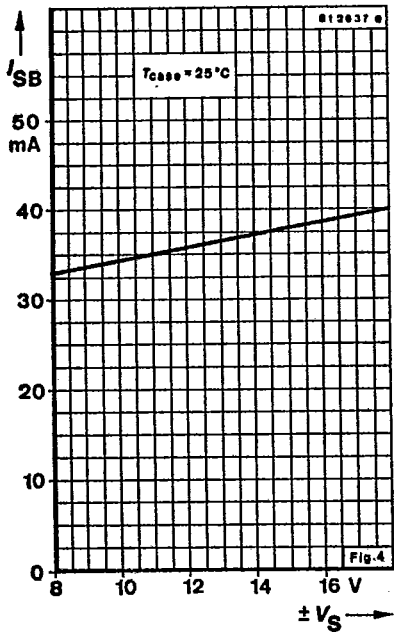


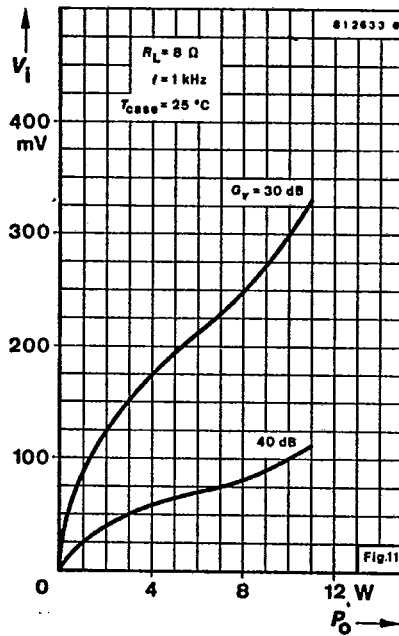
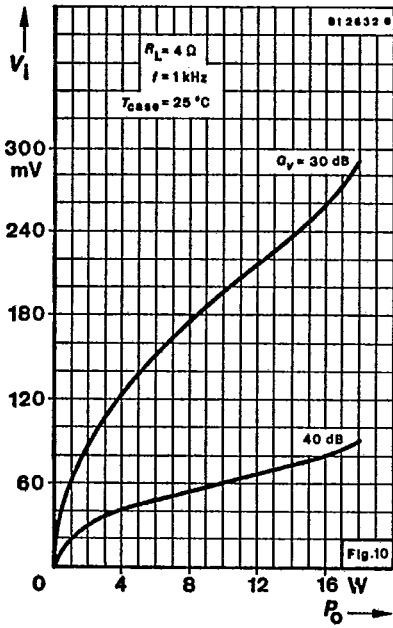
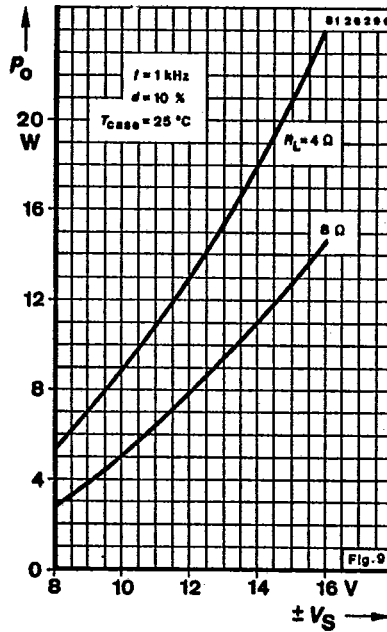
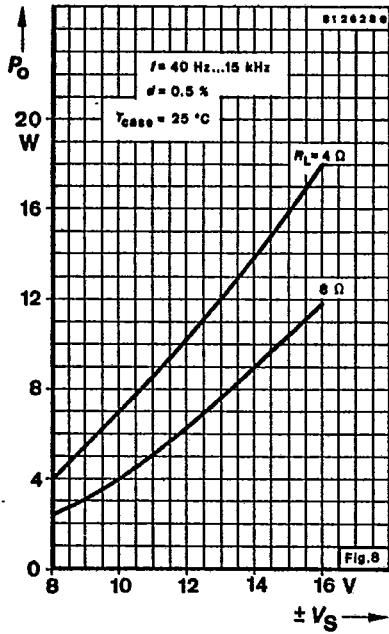
Fig. 3 Test circuit

T-74-05-01



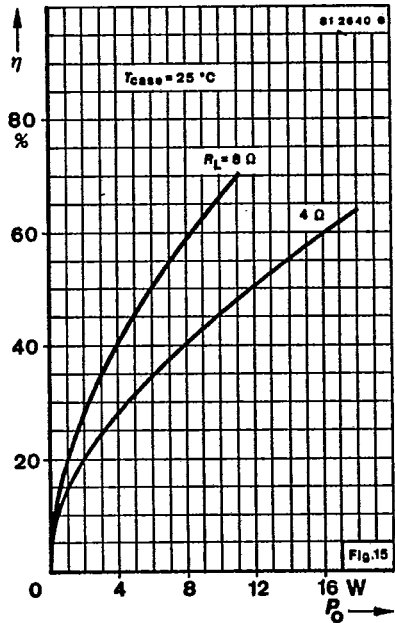
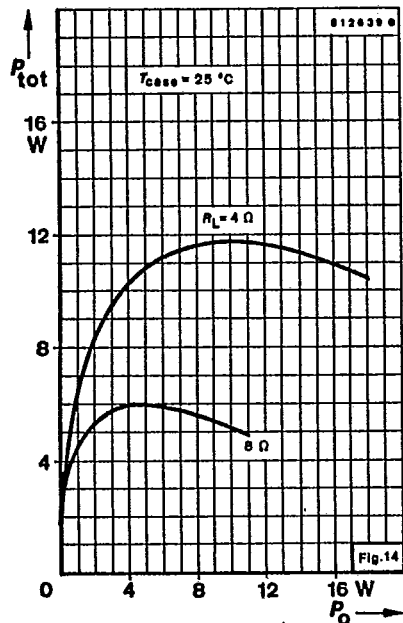
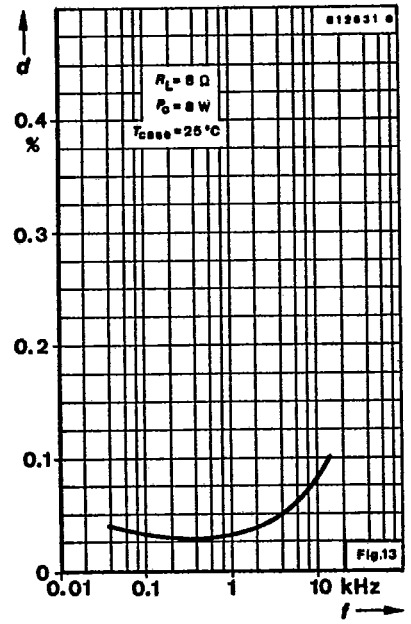
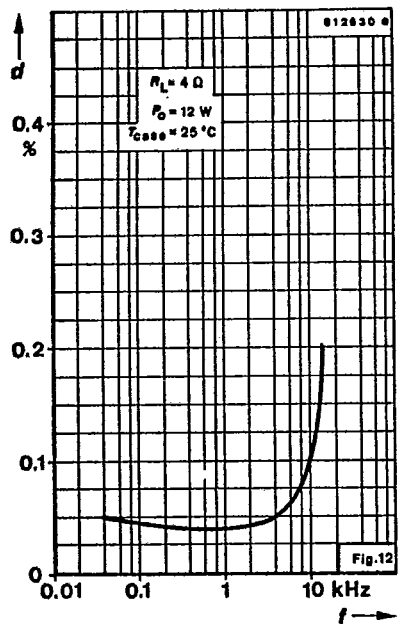
TDA 2030

T-74-05-01



TDA 2030

7-74-05-01



0357 E-02

TDA 2030

T-74-05-01

Applications

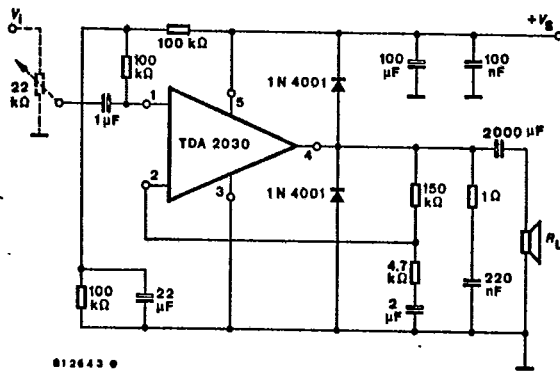


Fig. 16 AF amplifier with single power supply

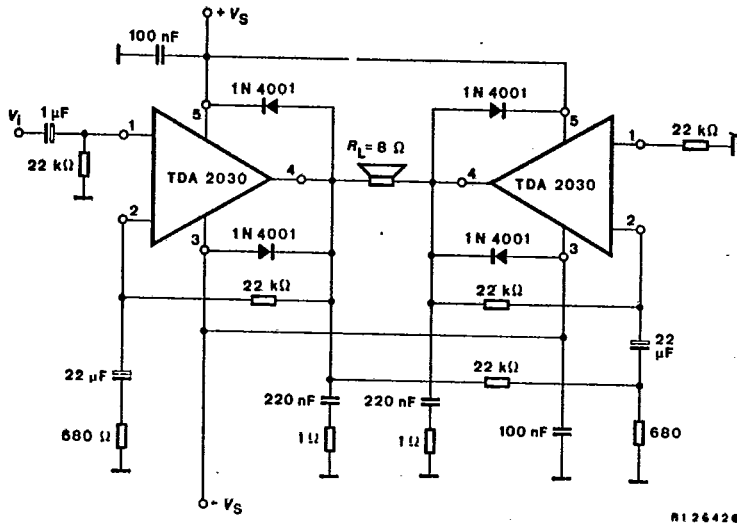


Fig. 17 AF amplifier with split power supply

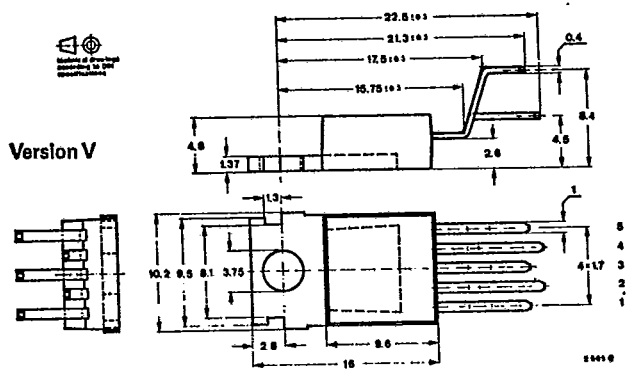
TDA 2030

T-74-05-01

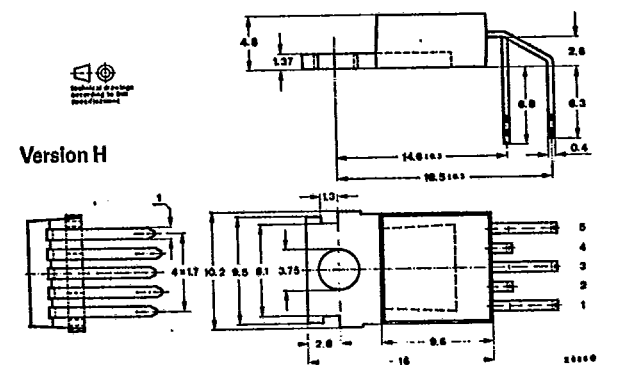


Fig. 18 Bridge amplifier with split power supply

Dimensions in mm



- Supply voltage +Vs Pin 5
- Output Pin 4
- Supply voltage -Vs Pin 3
- Inverting input Pin 2
- Non-Inverting input Pin 1



- Special case
- Plastic
- ≈ TO 220
- 5-leads
- Weight max. 1.8 g