



ELAN DIGITAL SYSTEMS LTD

E9 EPROM/EEPROM EDITING PROGRAMMER

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

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POWER

The programmer can be supplied pre-wired for 240v,120v or 110v 50/60 Hz and consumes approx 30 watts.

For operation at 240,220v use a 500mA anti-surge fuse 20mm length. For operation at 120,110v use a 1 A anti-surge fuse 20mm length.

The I.E.C. mains plug has an integral fuse carrier with provision for a spare fuse at the front of the carrier.

When the power is switched on the system self tests the integrity of the memory and turns all the segments of the display on for visual inspection.

SOCKETS

The Master and Copy sockets are fully protected and powered down during insertion. All are 28 pin zero insertion force sockets. Power is not applied until a device operation cycle has started.

28 Pin Devices
Pin No.1 is at the BACK LEFT HAND corner.

24 Pin Devices
The devices must be inserted in the FRONT 24 Pins of the socket. Pin No.1 at the BACK LEFT HAND side.

CAUTION

Only insert or remove devices in sockets when the system is in its idle mode.

Do not operate these systems in highly static areas unless full industrial anti-static precautions can be proved to have been taken.

Do not turn power on or off when devices are in any sockets.

BATTERY BACK UP

The SCRATCHPAD Ram (not DATA Ram) is supported by a trickle charged Nickel Cadium Cell. Selected defaults for Device Type, Number of sockets and Serial/Parallel configuration are automatically held for periods in excess of six months when powered down.

Similaly where Label Printing facillity is incorporated label codes are held in the power down state.

If the programmer is not to be used for periods in excess of one year the battery should be switched off using the slide switch on the PSU board.

IMPORTANT - To prevent over-writing of Scratchpad Ram data which could result in unwanted alteration of default values, only switch off the programmer when in the idle mode, i.e when display is static showing selected device type.

CONTROL MODES

Pushbuttons

PROG VFY BLK READ (STEP) RST ENTER

PROG - Program from Master
VFY - Verify from Master
BLK - Blank Check
READ - Read Master Device into Ram
STEP (- Step Backwards
STEP) - Step Forwards
RST - Reset Operation
ENTER - Enter Operation

Ram Keypad Control.

PROGRAM	0	1	, 2	3
VERIFY	4	5	6	7
INPUT	8	9	Α	В
OUTPUT	С	D	E	F

		·
PROGRAM		Program from Ram.
VERIFY		Verify from Ram.
INPUT	_	Input data to Ram.
OUTPUT		Output data from Ram.
O.to F	-	Hexadecimal numbers.
1	-	Amend data.
2	_	Block change to set value.
3	-	Copy block of data.
4	-	Exchange string of characters.
5		Find string of characters.
6	-	Compare RAM with Master.
7	_	Split even odd bytes.
8	-	Merge top and bottom halves.
9	-	Calculate check sum.
Α	_	Convert RAM to ONE's Complement

PROGRAMMING MODES

Mode A Verify, where possible, each byte of the device immediately it has been programmed.

Complete programme cycle as follows.

- i) Illegal bit test of whole device. To confirm the required data can be stored in the device.
- ii) Set Up Next Address (Start Zero).
- iii) If Data Correct go to step (ii).
 - iv) Programme this address with data.
 - v) If Data Correct go to step (ii), Else fail.
 - vi) Verify Whole device with required data.

Mode B

Inhibit verify during programme cycle of standard 50 ms pulse device selections. This mode should not normally be used. It has only been incorporated to allow early Texas 2764 devices to be programmed. These devices do not meet specifications because they will not verify during programme cycle.

Complete programme cycle as follows.

- i) Illegal bit test of whole device. To confirm the required data can be stored in the device.
- ii) Programme all locations in the devices.
- iii) Verify Whole device with required data.

DISPLAY

The system has an eight digit HEXADECIMAL display. The messages are:-

Dig 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Description
2 7 6 4 (example) 2 5 0 (example) 8 (example)	Device type selected Access time selected Number of sockets
A (example) Ed CCCC	Programming Mode Indicates END of operation Indicates END of operation and the check sum.
E n A A A A D D	Indicates Error and Code Indicates the Current address Indicates the Master Data
n _e D D	Indicates the copy socket Number. Indicates the copy socket Data

ERROR CODES

Ε	1	System Internal EPROM Error
Ε	2	System Internal Scratchpad Error
Ε	3	System Internal Ram Error
E	4	Master Socket Device Read Error
Ε	5 n	Verify ERROR during program cycle
Ę	6	Device Data line fail
Ε	7	Vcc fail
Ε	9	Vpp fail
Ε	10	RS232 Framing
Ε	11	" Parity"
Ε	12	" Overflow
Ε	13	" Combination
E	14	" Check Sum
Ε	20 n	Intelligent Identifier manufacturer code error
Ε	21 n	Intelligent Identifier device code error
Е	40	E4 Adaptor device failed to program
Ε	41	E4 Adaptor device incorrectly inserted.
E	42	E4 Adaptor device READ fail

PROM DEVICE SELECTION GUIDE

```
2508
               includes 2516,27016 (SINGLE rail type only)
     2716
     2532
     2732
     2732A
     2564
     2764
               INTEL using 50 ms Program Pulse.
     2764 1
               INTEL using INTEL Intelligent Prog Algorithm.
               INTEL intelligent Identifier & Prog Algorithm.
     2764 2
               FUJITSU QUICKPRO Intelligent Prog Algorithm.
     2764 3
     2764 A
               INTEL using INTEL Intelligent Prog Voltage.
     2764 H
               MOSTEK 2764
               MOTOROLA
     68764
               INTEL using 50 ms Program Pulse.
     27128
               INTEL using INTEL Intelligent Prog Algorithm.
     27128 1
               INTEL Intelligent Identifier & Prog Algorithm.
     27128 2
               FUJITSU QUICKPRO Intelligent Prog Algorithm.
     27128 3
               INTEL 27128 with 12.5 vlt. Programming Voltage.
     27128A
               INTEL using intelligent Prog Alg. Vpp=12.5
     27256 1
               INTEL Intelligent Identifier & Prog.Alg.12.5V
     27256 2
               FUJITSU QUICKPRO Intelligent Prog Alg. Vpp=21v
+
     27256 3
     2815
     2816
     8741
               Requires E4 Adaptor
     8742
                    **
                          "
     8748
                          11
     8748H
     8749
     8755
                                      (also 8744)
     8751
                         E7
     8752
```

1. Fast Programming using intelligent Programming Algorithm specified by Intel. This reduces programming time for 2764 from 7 minutes to approximately 50 seconds and 27128 from 13 minutes to to approximately 100 , second. During FAST programming

Vcc is raised from 5v to 6v.

- 2. Intelligent IDENTIFIER & Programming Algorithm specified by Intel. The Intelligent Identifier Mode allows the reading out of binary code from a hidden area in a EPROM not forming part of the user memory and enables the programmer to identify the EPROM manufacturer and type device. NOT all EPROMS have this code and damage could be caused to the EPROM if this mode is used incorrectly - check with your distributor or EPROM manufacturer.
- 3. Fast Programming using QUICKPRO Programming Algorithm specified by FUJITSU. This reduces programming time for 2764 from 7 minutes to approximately 20 seconds and 27128 from 13 minutes to approximately 40 seconds. During FAST programming Vcc is raised from 5v to 6v.
 - + These devices are verified during the programme cycle. Therefore the number of sockets in use MUST be selected (on gang programmers and copiers).

Input/Output DATA CONFIGUARATION

The system has a 3 digit configuration code.

1st digit = RECORD FORMAT

2nd digit = BAUD RATE 3rd digit = DATA STREAM SELECTION

		DATA STREAM	SELECTI	0 N
RECORD FORMAT	BAUD RATE	PARITY DAT	A BITS	STOP BITS
1=ASCII HEX SPACE	1= 50	1 = E V E N	7	1
Z=INTEL LOADER	2= 75	2=0DD	7	1
3=0PTIONAL	3= 110	3=NONE	7	1
4=TEK HEX	4= 134.5	4=EVEN	7	2
5=MOS TECH	5= 150	5=0DD	7	· 2
6=EXORCISOR \$1\$9	6= 200	6=NONE	7	2
7=DEC BINARY	7= 300	A = E V E N	8	1
8=BINARY	8= 600	B=ODD	8	1
9=BLOCK DUMP	9=1200	C=NONE	8	1
A=RCA COSMAC	A=1800	D=EVEN	8	2
B=PPX	B=2400	E = ODD	8	2
	c=4800	F=NONE	8	2
	D=9600	O=Parallel		tput option)
	E=External		- ,	
	Clock *			

* Optional - may be used with E3 Cassette Interface. Clock fequency should be 16 x Baud Rate.

TO SELECT COMMUNICATIONS CONFIGURAATION

	-				(display)
1.	The display	indicates	current	type.	2732

- 2. Press RST and hold for 2 BEEPS. The display indicates [1da] the configuaration code and flashes one digit.
- 3. Press STEP) and hold to scroll forward through the [2da] selections.

OR

Press STEP (and hold to scroll backwards through the [1da]

4. If the CONFIGUARATION is correct Press ENTER. 2764 The system Beeps and the display stops flashing.

0 R

If this digit is correct, but the next digit needs [1da] changing. Press RST. The systems Beeps and the display flashes the next digit.

5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the configuaration is correct.

TO SELECT DEVICE TYPE, ACCESS TIME, NUMBER OF SOCKETS & PROGRAMMING MODE. (display) 1. The Display indicates current type 2732 2. Press RST. The system Beeps and the Display flashes the [2732] current type. 3. Press STEP) and hold to scroll forward through the [2732A] device types. - 0R Press STEP (and hold to scroll backwards [2532] 4. If the device, access time, number of sockets and 2764 programming mode are correct Press ENTER. The system Beeps and the display stops flashing. 0R If the device is correct but the access time needs [350] changing. Press RST. The systems Beeps and the display flashes the current time. 5. Press STEP) and hold to scroll faster times [300] OR Press STEP (and hold to scroll slower times [400] 6. If the device, access time, number of sockets and 2764 programming mode are correct Press ENTER. The system Beeps and the display indicates the type. 0 R the number of sockets needs changing Press RST. The system Beeps and the display flashes the current number. 7. Press STEP) and hold to scroll forwards. [1] OR Press STEP (and hold to scroll backwards [7] 8. If the device, access time, number of sockets and 2764 programming mode are correct Press ENTER. The system Beeps and the display indicates the type If the programming mode needs changing Press [A] The system Beeps and the display flashes the current mode 9. Press STEP) and hold to scroll forwards. [b] O. If the device, access time, number of sockets and 2764 programming mode are correct Press ENTER. The system Beeps and the display indicates the type

TO READ MASTER DEVICE INTO RAM AND SCROLL MASTER DATA.

- 1. Select device type and place device in MASTER socket. 2764
- 2. Press READ. The system Beeps and displays start address 0000.

0000

3. Key in required start address.

XXXX

4. Press ENTER. The system Beeps and reads the whole device into RAM. The display indicates the check

CCCC

5. Press READ to read the data in the device. The display indicates address 0000 and data dd.

0000dd

6. Press STEP) to scroll forwards through the addresses of the device.

0001dd

OR

Press STEP (to scroll backwards through the addresses of the device.

3FFFdd

Note: If the STEP button is held for 8 continuous address steps the next significant address digit will start to scroll. This enables you to to quickly read any area of the device.

7. Press RST to terminate the operation and power down the socket.

2764

8. Remove the device from the socket.

TO BLANK CHECK DEVICES

1. Select device type and place devices into copy socket. 2764 2. Press BLK. The system BLANK checks the copy socket 2764 n consecutively. The display indicates the device type 3a If the devices are BLANK the display indicates Ed for Εd END. 3b If the device is not BLANK the display indicates the AAAAFF n address AAAA data blank FF and the copy socket AAAAFF dd number n flashing with the device data. i) Press STEP) to continue BLANK check on the remaining addresses of the device. ii) Press ENTER to continue BLANK check on the next 2764 n copy scoket device. iii) Press RST to terminate operation. 2764 TO CHIP ERASE EEPROMS 1. Select device type and place device into copy 2815 socket. 2, Press BLK and hold for two beeps. The system 2815 n ERASES the copy socket devices and proceeds to BLANK check the devices consecutively. The display indicates the device type and the copy socket number currently being processed. 3 a If all the devices are BLANK the display indicates Ed Εd for END. 3b If a device is not BLANK the display indicates AAAAFF n the address AAAA data blank FF and the socket AAAAFF dd number n flashing with the device data. i) Press STEP) to continue BLANK check on the remaining addresses of the device.

ii) Press ENTER to continue BLANK check on the next

2815 n

2815

copy socket device.

iii) Press RST to terminate operation.

TO BLANK CHECK DEVICES

1. Select device type and place devices into copy socket. 2764 2. Press BLK. The system BLANK checks the copy socket 2764 n consecutively. The display indicates the device type 3a If the devices are BLANK the display indicates Ed for Εd END. 3b If the device is not BLANK the display indicates the AAAAFF n address AAAA data blank FF and the copy socket AAAAFF dd number n flashing with the device data. i) Press STEP) to continue BLANK check on the remaining addresses of the device. ii) Press ENTER to continue BLANK check on the next 2764 n copy scoket device. iii) Press RST to terminate operation. 2764 TO CHIP ERASE EEPROMS 1. Select device type and place device into copy 2815 socket. 2, Press BLK and hold for two beeps. The system 2815 n ERASES the copy socket devices and proceeds to BLANK check the devices consecutively. The display indicates the device type and the copy socket number currently being processed. 3 a If all the devices are BLANK the display indicates Ed Εd for END. 3b If a device is not BLANK the display indicates AAAAFF n the address AAAA data blank FF and the socket AAAAFF dd number n flashing with the device data. i) Press STEP) to continue BLANK check on the remaining addresses of the device.

ii) Press ENTER to continue BLANK check on the next

2815 n

2815

copy socket device.

iii) Press RST to terminate operation.

TO VERIFY COPIES WITH MASTER DEVICE

- Select device type, place master into MASTER 2764 Socket and copy into COPY sockets.
- Press VFY. The system Verifies each copy device 2764 n consecutively. The display indicates the device type and the copy socket number currently being processed.
- 3a. If all the devices verify correctly the display indicates Ed for END.

Εd

3b. If a device has different data the display indicates the address AAAA, Master data MM and the socket number n flashing with the device data.

AAAAMM n AAAAMMdd

i) Press STEP) to continue Verify check on the rest of the device.

0R

ii) Press STEP (to display the data at the previous AAA9MMdd address.

OR:

iii) Press ENTER to continue verify check on the copy 2764 n socket device.

OR

iv) Press RST to terminate operation.

2764

TO PROGRAM COPIES FROM MASTER

number under test.

- Select device type, place master into MASTER socket 2764 and blank device into COPY socket.
- 2. Press PROG and hold for 2 Beeps. The system
 interrogates the copy devices to confirm the Master
 data can be programmed into the copy devices. The
 display indicates the device type and the socket
 - a) If a device has an illegal bit programmed the AAAAMMdd system will Beep continuously and display the address AAAA, Master data MM and the socket number n.
 - i) Press ENTER to continue test on the next device 2764 n and program regardless.
 - ii) Press RST to terminate the operation, replace 2764 the offending device and start again.
 - b) If allthe devices is programmable the system will AAAA start.

To reduce programming time the system skips bytes containing blank data and continues to display the last address programmed.

Where possible (see EPROM device selection guide) the system verifies the devices before and after appling the program pulse. The system does not program bytes already containing the correct data. If a device fails to program the system stops programming and displays the error code. Where n represents the socket number in error. Press ENTER to step to the next error.

E 5 n

- c) At the end of the program cycle the system Verifies the Master with the copy devices. The display indicates the device type and the socket number under test. 2764 n
- e) If a device has different data the display AAAAMM n indicates the address AAAA, Master data MM and the AAAAMMdd socket number n flashing with the device data.
 - i) Press ENTER) to continue Verify check on the remaining addresses of the device.
 - ii) Press RST (to display the data at the previous AAAA9MM n address. AAAAMMdd
- iii) Press ENTER to continue verify check on the 2764 n next copy socket device.
 - iv) Press RST to terminate operation. 2764

TO INPUT DATA TO ELAN SYSTEM

- 1. Select required communications configuration code. 2764
- 2. Press Input.
 - a) * With System Object File formats the display Oprompts for the Base address displacement.
 - i) Key most significant Base address digits. X000
 - b) With other file formats the display indicates 0000 start address zero.
 - i) Enter start address. XXXX
 - ii) Press Enter. It is now waiting to receive data.
- 3. Transfer Data from development system to Elan.

 The display will indicate the address currently being loaded.

 AAAA
- 4. At the end of transmission the display indicates Ed CCCC END (Ed) and the check sum CCCC.
 - * With Intel 8086 Hexadecimal Object File format it is necessary to enter the two most significant Base address digits.

Press STEP) . The display indicates two addresses to be entered.

Key in most sigificant 2 addresses.

The system is now ready to receive data.

TO OUTPUT DATA FROM ELAN SYSTEM

1.	Select required communications configuaration code.	2764
2.	Press Output. Display indicates start address zero.	0000
3.	Enter required start address.	xxxx
4.	Press Enter. Display indicates last address.	3FFF
5.	Enter required last address.	YYYY
6.	Press Enter.	
	a) With System Object File formats the display prompts for the Base address displacements.	0
	b) Key most significant Base address digit.	x000
7.	The Elan will now transmit data. The display indicates the current address.	AAAA
8.	At the end of transmission the display indicates END (Ed) and the check sum CCCC.	Ed CCCC

TO PROGRAM COPIES FROM RAM

- 1. Select device type and place copy devices into 2764 COPY socket.
- 2. Press RAM PROGRAM. The display indicates start address.
- 3. Key required start address. XXXX
- 4. Press ENTER. The system interrogates the copy devices 2764 n to confirm the RAM data can be programmed into the copy devices. The display indicates the device type and the socket number under test.
 - a) If a device has an illegal bit programmed the AAAARR n system will Beep continuously and display the address AAAA, RAM DATA RR and the socket number n.
 - i) Press ENTER to Continue test on the next device 2764 n and program regardless.
 - ii) Press RST to terminate the operation, replace 2764 the offending device and start again.
 - b) If all the devices are programmable the system will AAAAstart.

To reduce programming time the system skips bytes containing blank data and continues to display the last address programmed.

Where possible (see EPROM device selection quide) the system verifies the devices before and after appling the program pulse. The system does not program bytes already containing the correct data. If a device fails to program the system stops E 5 n programming and displays the error code. Where n represents the socket number in error. Press ENTER to step to the next error.

- At the end of the program cycle the system Verifies 2764 n the RAM with the copy devices. The display indicates the device type and the socket number under test.
- indicates Ed for END and the check sum CCCC.
- If a device has different data the display AAAARR n indicates the address AAAA, RAM data RR and the AAAARRdd socket number n flashing with the device data.
 - i) Press STEP (to continue Verify check on the remaining addresses of the device.
 - ii) Press STEP to display the data at the AAA9RR n previous address. AAA9RRdd
 - iii) Press ENTER to continue verify check on the 2764 n next copy socket device.
 - iv) Press RST to terminate operation. 2764

TO VERIFY COPIES WITH RAM DATA

Select device type and place copy into COPY 2764 sockets. Press RAM VERIFY. The display indicates start 2. 0000 address. Key required start address. 3. XXXXPress ENTER. The system Verifies the copy device 2764 n consecutively. The display indicates the device type and the socket number currently being processed. 5a If the devices verify correctly the display Εd indicates Ed for END. b) If a device has different data the display AAAARR n indicates the address AAAA, RAM data RR and the AAAARRdd socket number n flashing with the device data. i) Press STEP) to continue Verify check on the rest of the device. ii) Press STEP (to display the data at the AAA9RR n previous address. AAA9RRdd iii) Press ENTER to continue verify check on the 2764 n next copy socket device.

2764

iv) Press RST to terminate operation.

EDITING FUNCTIONS USING RAM

- Amends data.
- Block data.
- Copy block of data to another area.
- Exchange string of characters.
- 5. Find string of characters.
- 6. Compare RAM with Master.
- 7. Split even and odd addresses of RAM.
- 8. Merge two halves of RAM.
- 9. Calculate checksum of RAM.
- A. Convert RAM to ONE's Complement.
- 1. To Amend data (to change data currently in RAM)

1.	Press key 1. Display	۔۔ وہائیسٹ	2764
		indicates	0000
	address 0000.	:	

- 2. Enter required address through XXXX Keyboard.

 OR
 Press Reset to exit from Amend 2764 mode and display device type.
- 3. Press Button Enter to enter the XXXX,DD address and to display the current data in the format: Address, Current data.
- 4. Enter required data through XXXX,DD RR Keyboard. Display indicates Address, Current data, Required data.
- 5. Press) to store the Amended data XXXY,DD in RAM. This will also step to the next address and display details:

OR
Press Button (to store the Amended XXXW,DD data in RAM and step to the previous address and display details.

If this address is to be Amended repeat steps 4 and 5.

6. Press Reset to exit from Amend mode 2764 and display device type.

Example: To Amend RAM address 0123 from 45 to 67, address 0124 from A1 to A2, and address 0126 from C2 to 11, leave address 0125 with FF.

		11, leave address 0125 with FF.	
			2764
		Select 1 for Amend	0000
		Key in address 123	0123
		Press Enter	0123,45
		Key in required data 67	0123,45 67
		Press)	0124,A1
		Key in required data A2	0124,A1 A2
		Press)	0125 FF
		Press)	0126,02
		Key in required data 11	0126,02 11
		Press)	0127,XX
		Press Reset	2764
•	To ch	ange a Block of Ram to the same value	
			2764
	1.	Press Key 2. Display indicates address 0000.	0000
	2.	Enter start address through keyboard.	· XXXX
	3.	Press Enter. Display indicates last address 3FFF.	3FFF
	4.	Enter last address through keyboard.	YYYY
	5.	Press Enter. Display indicates required data FF.	FF

Enter required data through keyboard.

The display will revert back to device

Press Enter to carry out the operation. 2764

DD

2.

6.

7.

type.

Example:	To set all locations of RAM address 0340 0672 to value 28.	to address
		2764
	Select 2 for BLANK	0000
	Key in address 0340	0340
	Press Enter	3FFF
	Key in address 0672	0672
	Press Enter	FF
	Key in data 28	28
	Press Enter	2764
3. To Co	py a block of data from one area of RAM to	another
		2764
1.	Press key 3. Display indicates already 0000.	0000
2.	Enter the start address of block to be moved.	xxxx
3.	Press Enter. The display indicates last address.	0000
4.	Enter the last address of block to be moved.	YYYY
5.	Press Enter. Display indicates destination.	0000
6.	Enter destination address.	ZZZZ
7.	Press Enter to carry out copy.	
Exam	nple: To copy the block of data (address 100 to 1FF) to address E00.	
		2764
	Select 3 for Copy.	0000
	Key in address 100	0100
	Press Enter	0000
	Key in address 01FF	01F <u>F</u>
	Press Enter	0000
	Key in address OEOO	0E00

Press Enter

٠.	To E	x cha noth	ang ier	je	a s t	r i	t n	ri g	n e	g f	o f	f ì a	ch ra	al	a te	r s	;	(1		t c) > 	8	C	8 h a	o a r	h a	ar ct	ac er	t e s	rs Loi	loi ng)	ng)
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																														27	764	
			S	еl	. е	сt	Z	, +	f c	r	Ε	x (c h	ar	g	е.														00	000	
			K	e y	,	in	č	a d	d r	e	5	(36	00)															06	300	
					1	Ρr	es	3	E	n	t e	r													3	FF	F					
					1	Кe	У	i	n	a	d d	lr e	9 S	s	71	FF									0	7 F	F					
					į	Ρr	e s	S S	E	n	t e	r													-							
					١	Кe	у	i	n	S	tr	ii	ng	1	2	13	14	41	5						1	21	3	14	15			
					ı	Ρr	es	5 S	E	n	t e	r													-							
					ı	Кe	У	i	n	S	tr	iı	٦g	A	В	C D									Α	ВС	D					
					į	Ρr	e s	5 5	E	'n	t e	r													2	76	4					

Address	Data Before Exchange	Data After Exchange
612	12	AB
613	13	C D
614	14	14
615	15	15
712	12	AB
713	13	C D
714		. 14
715	15	15
714	1 4 1 5	14

5. To find a specified string of characters in RAM (1 to 8 characters long). With the option of inspecting and amending bytes in the vicinity.

	2764
 Press Key 5. Display indicates start address 0000 	0000
2. Enter the start address.	XXXX
Press Enter. Display indicates last address 3FFF.	3FFF
4. Enter the last address.	YYYY
5. Press Enter.	-
6. Key in required string of characters (1 to 8 characters long). If a particular character is masked Press Enter to skip to next position.	\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$
7. Press Enter. To carry out the operation At the first occurence of the string of data the operation will stop and	n. AAAA

8. Repeat Step 7 to locate the next occurence of the string:

OR

Press Key 1 to Amend the address. Display indicates address and data.

display the address.

AAAA,DD

 Enter required data through keyboard.
 Display indicates address, current data and required data. AAAA, DD RR

10. Press) to store the Amended data in RAM. AAA8,DD This will also step to the next address and display details: 0R Press Button (to store the Amended data in AAA9,DD RAM, step to the previous address and display details. If this address is to be Amended repeat steps 9 and 10. 11. Press Reset to exit from Amend/Find mode BBBB and continue search for next occurence of the string. When the search is completed the display 2764 will revert back to the device type. Example: Find all occurences of the string of data 12131 between the addresses 300 and 4FF. Examine the data surrounding the string and change the first occurence od data 10 to FO. Assume the contents of each byte of RAM are the least significant 2 characters of the address, e.g. Address 100 = 00, 101 = 01, etc. 2764 Select 5 0000 Key in address 300 0300 Press Enter 3FFF Key in Address 4FF 04FF Press Enter Key in string 12131 12131 Press Enter 0312 Select 1 0312,12 Press (0311,11 Press (0310,10 Key in data FO 0310,10,F0 Press) 0311,11 Press) 0312,12 -

0313,13

0314,14

Press)

Press)

 Press)
 0315,15

 Press Reset
 0412

 Press Enter
 2764

Thus the string occured at addresses 312 and 412.

Compare Master Device.

The unit will compare an area of RAM data with a Device data giving details of differences.

1.	Select Device type and place in Master Socket.	2764
2.	Press Button 6. Display indicates RAM address 0000.	0000
3.	Enter required RAM start address.	XXXX

- 4. Press Enter.
 - a) If the two data areas are the same the display will revert back to the device type. 2764
 - b) If a mismatch is found the display indicates XXXX DD RR The EPROM address, Device data and RAM data.

Repeat Step 4 to continue Verify function.

Example: Verify two 2764 1 rail EPROMs. Assume the two have the same data, except for:-

Ade	dress	EPROM X	EPROM Y
	10 11	01 F2	02 3E
	AF	47	AB
	80	96	69
	46	22	44
	F1	5 A	5B
First load	EPROM X into RA	M	2764
S	elect Read		0000
P	ress Enter	+ t	Ed CCCC
P	ress Reset		2764
Now compare	the two EPROMs		2764
Р	lace EPROM Y in	to Master Socket	
s	elect 6.		0000
· P	ress Enter		0110,02 01
P _.	ress)		0111,3E F2
P	ress)		05AF, AB 47
Р	ress)		0580,69 96
P	ress)		0746, 44 22
Р	ress)		07F1,5B 5A
P	ress)		2764

- 7. Split even and odd bytes of RAM.
 - 1. Press Button 7. The display clears until the operation is complete.
- 8. Merge the top and bottom halves of RAM. (up to 16k only).
 - 1. Press Button 8. The display clears until the operation is complete.
- 9. Calculate Checksum of RAM

To calculate the checksum (the least significant 16 bits of the sum total of RAM data) of part or the whole RAM.

1.	Press Button 9. address 0000.	Display	indicates	start	0000

- Enter required start address through keyboard.
- 3. Press Enter. Display indicates last 3FFF address 3FFF.
- Enter required last address through YYYY keyboard.
- 5. Press Enter. The display indicates the CCCC 4 character checksum.
- 10. To set RAM To ONE's Complement.
 - Press Button A and hold for 2 BEEPS. The system will convert each byte of RAM to it's one's complement and display the new checksum.

 $\mathbb{C} \, \, \mathbb{C} \, \, \mathbb{C} \, \, \mathbb{C}$

RS 232 CONNECTIONS

The I/O connector on to the back left hand side of the unit is a standard 25 pin D type plug with the data and signal line connected as follows:

_						
:	PIN NO.	:	DESCRIPTION	:	CLASSIFICATION	:
:	2	:	Serial Data Out	:	Output	:
:	3	:	Serial Data In	:	Input	:
:	4	:	Request To Send	:	Output	:
:	5	:	Clear To Send	:	Input	:
:	6	:	Data Set Ready	: :	Input	:
:	7	:	Signal Ground	:	_	:
:	15	:	External Clock	: :	Input	:
:	20	:	Data Terminal Ready	: :	Output	:

Although bidirectional handshaking is provided the programmer can operate without these signals being connected.

The system will also respond to X ON / X OFF while outputing data.

PARALLEL PORT CONNECTIONS

The 26 Way '3M' type connection on the back right hand side of the unit carries data and handshaking lines for the parallel port.

:	ELAN 26 WAY :	DESCRIPTION	:	CLASSIFICATION	: C i	ENTRONIC	s :
:	3M CONNECTOR:		:		:	36 WAY	:
:	:		:		:	STANDAR	D:
:	4 :	Data O	:	Output	:	2	:
:	6 :	1	:	n	:	3	:
:	8 :	2	:	29	:	4	:
:	10 :	3	:	79	:	. 5	:
:	12 :	4	;	9 3	:	6	:
:	14 :	5	:	11	:	7	:
:	16 :	6	:	77	:	8	:
:	18 :	7	:	27	:	9	:
:	:		:		:		
;	1 :	٥v	:	Common	:	16	:
:	:		:		:		:
:	5 :	STROBE	:	Output	:	1	:
:	:		:		:		:
:	17 :	BUSY	:	Input	:	11	:

TO ENABLE SELECTIONS AND RAM EDITING WITH CODE LOCK

1.	Switch power on.	88888888
2.	Hold key 'E' on until the display is cleared.	0000
3.	Enter CODE through keyboard.	****
4.	Press Enter. If the code is accepted the system	2732

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR E4 ADAPTOR (8741/48/48H/49/55) & E7 ADAPTOR (8744/51/52)

CAUTION.

Irrevocable damage to the device may be caused if the following sequence is not strictly adhered to.

- Switch on 'E' Series Programmer.
- 2. Connect Adaptor to 26 pin ribbon cable socket at the right hand rear of the programmer.
- 3. Connect Adaptor to mains supply via I.E.C. socket at the rear. The L.E.D. visible from the top of the unit should be illuminated.
- 4. Select device type (8748,8749,8755 etc.) on the E programmer.
- 5. When the device type has been entered (i.e. when the display has stopped flashing the type) the corresponding device may be inserted into the 40 pin zero insertion socket. Carefully observe orientation of the socket reversal may result in instant destruction of the device.
- 6. Programming, Reading and Vertification may be carried out in the usual manner using the LOWER set of push buttons on the main unit. To programme the security bit in the 8751. Programme the device, when the display indicates End (Ed xxxx). Press Prog & hold for two beeps. After this operation it is impossible to re-programme, read, verify or blank check the device until erased.
- 7. Only remove the device at the end of an operation. The RESET button may be safely used to abort a programming, vertification or blank check operation.
- 8. Power down sequence is the reverse of power up: Ensure 40 pin socket is empty.
 Remove mains supply from Adaptor.
 Remove 26 way connector from Adaptor.
- 9. Note that the unit will function normally with other EPROM types whilst the Adaptor is connected. The RS232 interface is operational but the parallel output connection is utilized by the Adaptor.
- 10. Unlike normal EPROMs and the 8755 a 'clean' 8748 or 8749 will have '00' in each location instead of 'FF'. To reduce unnecessary programming time the programmer does not programme blank locations with blank data and therefore a device with only a few locations of data and many blank locations will be programmed in a much shorter time than the maximum for a device which has data in all locations.

SERIAL FORMATS. All output formats terminate with Cnt Z.

1. ASCII HEX SPACE FORMAT

Character

Description

- 1 BLOCK MARK: 'CONTROL A' & 'CONTROL B' used to identify the beginning of a block.
- 2 to N DATA: Each byte of data is represented by a two character hex number followed by a space character. The high order character preceds the low order. The system reads only the two characters that preded a space. Therefore the sequence: AB Space, carriage-return, line feed, CD space (Note: 'commas' included to improve legibility they are not transmitted) would result in the two 8-bit words described by AB and CD being stored.
- N + 1 TERMINATE MARK: 'CONTROL C' is used to identify the end of the block.

2. INTEL LOADER FORMAT

- 1 RECORD MARK: A 'colon' is used to mark the beginning of a record.
- 2-3

 RECORD LENGTH: A two character hex representation of the number of bytes of data in the record length of zero (00) indicates and end of-file. Character 2 is high order record length of character.
- 4 7

 LOAD ADDRESS: A four-character hex address at which the first data bytes must be loaded. Ensuing data bytes are loaded into successive (higher) memory locations. Character 4 is the high order address digit. In an end-of-file record, the load address is taken as the starting address.
- 8 9 RECORD TYPE: A two-character hex code specifying the record type. All data records are type 00. The most significant digit is character 8.
- 10 N DATA: Each byte of data is represented by a two character hex number. The high order character precedes the low order.
- N+1-N+2 CHECKSUM: A two-character hex checksum, which is the negative sum of all bytes in the record except the colon and checksum, evaluated modulo 256. The sum of all bytes in the record plus the checksum must be zero.
 - N + 3 CARRIAGE RETURN
 - N + 4 LINE FEED

3. OPTIONAL Character

Description

1 - N Binary data

4. TEKTRONIX HEXADECIMAL FORMAT Character Description

- 1. RECORD MARK: A 'slash' is to mark the beginning of a record.
- 2 5
 LOAD ADDRESS: A four-character hex address at which the first data bytes are loaded into successive (higher) memory locations. Character 2 is the high order address digit. In an end-of-file record, the load address is taken as the starting address.
- 6-7

 RECORD LENGTH: A two character hex representation of the number of bytes of data in the record. A record length of zero (00) indicates and end-of-file. Character 6 is the high order record length of character.
- 8 9

 HEADER CHECKSUM: A two character number representing the eight bit sum, modulo 256 of the hex values of the six characters 2 7.
- 10 N DATA: Each byte of data is represented by two character hex number. The high order character precedes the low order.
- N+1-N+2

 DATA CHECKSUM: A two character number representing the eight bit sum, modulo 256, of the hex values of the digits that make up the N data bytes.

N+3-N+4 CARRIAGE RETURN.LINE FEED

- 5. MOS TECHNOLOGY
 - 1 RECORD MARK: A 'semi colon' is used to mark the beginning of a record.
- 2 3

 RECORD LENGTH: A two character hex representation of the number of bytes of data in the record. A record length of zero (00) indicates end-of-file, Character 2 is the high order record.
- 4 7

 LOAD ADDRESS: A four-character hex address at which the first data bytes must be loaded. Ensuing data bytes are loaded into successive (higher) memory locations. Character 4 is the high order address digit. In an end-of-file record, the load address is taken as the starting address.
- N+1-N+4 CHECKSUM: A 4-character hex checksum which is the sum of all bytes in the record except the semi colon and checksum.
- N+5-N+6 CARRIAGE RETURN.LINE FEED

6. EXORCISER S1S9 FORMAT

The checksum is the one's complement of the summation of the 8 - bit bytes.

	0	C =	30)	C (c = 3	1				= 39		
	Н	eade	er		D a	ata				Εn	d-of-	fil	. е
Frame	R	ecor	ď		R	ecord				Rе	cord		
1. Start-of-													
Record	:	53	:	S	:	53	:	:	S	:	53	:	S
2. Type of													
Record	:	30	:	0	:	31	;	:	1	:	39	:	9
3.	:	31	:		:	31	:	:		:	30	:	
Byte Count	:		:	12	:		:	:	16	:		:	03
4	:	32	: -		:	36	:	: -		-:	33	: -	
5.	:	30	:		:	31		:		:	30	:	
6.Address/Size	:	30	:	0000	:	31	:	: 1	100	:	30	:	0000
7.	:	30	:		:	30		:		:	30	:	
8	:	30	:		:	30		: -		-:	30	:	
9.	:	34	:		:	39		:		:	46	:	
Data	:		:	48-H	:			:	98	:		:	FC
10	-:	38	:		:	38		: -		-:	43	: -	
•	:	34			:	30		•	_	_		:	(checksum)
•	:		:	44-D	:			:	32	:			
•	:	34	:		-:	32		:					
•	:	35	:		:			:					
•	:		:	52 - R				: -		-	_		
•	:	32	:		_:	41		: A	8 (Che	ecksui	m)	
•	:		:		:	48		:					
	_:		_:		_:			: _					•
	:	39	:										
	:		:	9 E									
N. Checksum	_:	45	:		_								

7. DEC. BINARY

Character 1 to (H-1)	Description HEADER: Binary Value 1111 1111 is used to identify header.
Н	TERMINATE HEADER: Binary Value 0000 0000 is used to identify last

8. BINARY

Character Description

1 Header: Binary Value 1111 1111
2 - N Binary Data Characters, terminate on selected device boundary.

- 9. BLOCK DUMP (output only)
- A. RCA COSMAC
- B. PPX ASCII HEX SPACE

TO SELECT REMOTE CONTROL (OPTIONAL)

1. Switch system on

Control Command

- 2. Select Device type (this can be reselected under Remote Control).
- 3. Select Serial Configuration
- 4. Press and hold ENTER BUTTON. The display will show the device type followed by the letter $\mathbb C$ in the last digit.

Description

- 5. The system is now ready to respond to the following commands.
- 6. Press Reset to terminate Remote Control.

Computer Command Name

REMOTE CONTROL COMMANDS

<u>-</u> R	RETURN		Execute last com	mand
	Z	Terminate	Programmer opera stand alone mode	tes in
Prog	grammer Status Enqui	ry		
	D	Odd Parity	Programmer confi compatible.	rms Parity
	E	Even Parity	n n	77
	N	No Parity	71 22	11
	J	1 Stop Bit	Programmer confi Bit compatible.	rms Stop
	Κ	2 Stop Bit	n	"
	X	Error Code	Programmer retur Code	ns last
/	x	Error Code Enquiry	Programmer retur	ns error
1	Н	Handshake	Programmer retur	ns
	R	EPROM status	Programmer indic status of EPROM: AAAA/B/C where A device word limi byte size and C: status (1 = VOL;	selected. AAA = t, B = = VOL/VOH
	g	Programmer Software releas	Programmer Genera e number.	ation

B	Blank Check	Check EPROM is erased
ь	Erase EEPROM	
Т	Illegal Bit check	Check data can be programmed into device.
Ĺ	Load Master	Reads Copy Socket 1 into RAM.
V	Verify	Verify RAM with Copy Socket.
Р .	Program	Program Copy socket from RAM.
RAM Commands		
I	Input	Input data from computer to RAM
0	Output	Output data from RAM to computer (up to the word limit of selected EPROM)
S	Checksum	Programmer calculates the two byte checksum of RAM data up to the word limit of the selected EPROM.
С	Compare	Compare imput data from computer with RAM.
nn Y	Fill RAM	Fill ram within RAM start and end addresses with data nn
С	Compliment	Convert all RAM to its one's compliment.

Merge RAM

Split RAM

Configuration Commands

nn	A	*	Select Format	Select I/O record format.
nn	f	*	Select Format	Select I/O record format.
nnnn	W	+	Virtual Address Disp.	Sets RAM address to required system base address.
nnnn	:	+	Device Start Add	ress
nnnn	<	+	RAM Start Addres	S
nnnn	;	+	RAM End Address	Specifies highest RAM address nnnn-1. Defaults to device size.
nnnn	(hash symbol)	+	O/P DATA START A	DDRESS
n	a	*	ACCES TIME	
n	n		NUMBER OF SOCKET	S where n = no of sockets
	r		RAM SIZE ENQUIRY	
nr	i t	*	SELECT DEVICE TY	PE
	d		DEVICE TYPE ENQU	IRY
nnnn	а	*	SELECT DEVICE TY	PE
	(DEVICE TYPE ENQU	IRY

NOTE: The spaces shown in the multiple comands such as nn t are for clarity and must be ommitted in practice.

- * See following tables for values of n.
- These addresses are reset to device defaults on selection of a device.

Programmer Responses			ses		Description
					
	RETURN	LINE F	FEED	(i)	To Indicate command received
> /	RETURN	LINE F	FEED	(ii)	On successful completion of command
F	RETURN	LINE F	FEED	(ii)	On Unsuccessful completion of command
?	RETURN	LINE F	FEED	(ii)	Command not understood
(;) A soft	ware or	ation cuitob		

- (i) A software option switch can be set to inhibit this response.
- (ii) A software switch can be set to inhibit the Return/Line Feed after the response >, F and ?.
- i)&(ii)A software option switch can be set to inhibit all line feeds.

Remote Device Codes

Type	t code	a code
<u></u>		
2508 2716 2532 2732 2732A 2564 2764	00 01 02 03 04 05	1922 1923 3125 1924 2724 3130 3533
2764 1	07	7933
2764 2 2764 3 2764A 2764H	08 09 0A 0B	4533 9333
68764	O C	2529
27128	OD	3551
27128 1	0 E	7951
27128 2	OF	
27128 3	10	4551
27128A	11	9351 9332
27256 1 27256 2	12 13	9332
27256 3	14	
2815	15	8523
2816	16	3723
8741	17	5654
8742	18	
8748	19	5256
8748H	1 A	5056
8749	1B	5057
8755	1 C	4755
8751	1 D	
8752	1 E	•

Remote Format Codes

Format	f code	A code
1. Ascii Hex	01	50
`2. Intel	02	83:
Binary	03	•••
4. Tek Hex	04	86
5. Mos Tech	05	81
6. S1S9	06	82
7. Dec Binary	07 .	– ,
8. Binary	80	10
9. Block Dump	09	_
A RCA Cosmac	OA	_
В РРХ	0B	<u> </u>

Remote Error Codes

Code	Description	
01	E Series Configuration out of r	ange
mm20	Blank check fail	
mm21	Illègal Bit fail	
m m 2 2	Program fait	
mm23	Verify fail	
29	Read fail	
31	Data line fail	
37	None EE device	
38	Device fail	
81	Serial stream error	
82	Serial I/O Error	

Where mm is a mask indicating the socket numbers which fail the test. Note: This will only be sent on a x enquiry, not a x enquiry.

e.g.	mm	skt no.
	80	1
	40	2
	20	3
	10	4
	80	5
	04	6
	02	7
	01	8
	FF	all
	CO	1 & 2
	81	1 & 8
	etc.	

LABEL PRINTING (OPTIONAL)

The details of eight labels can be entered and stored by the Elan system. 64 characters of memory are allocated to each label area. Special print control characters can be entered to select different print formats (e.g. condensed or bold characters).

The Elan will output the characters from the first location until it finds a carriage return (OD Hex). It will then repeat this text the number of times selected accross the page. It will then output the next line of text until it finds the end of label character OO Hex.

- Note. i) Each line of text must terminate with a carriage return
 - ii) Each label must terminate with a zero
 - iii) All lines of text must contain the same number of printable characters.

Τo	enter the labels into Elan from keyboard	2764
į)	Select input format O for labels	(Onn)
2)	Press Input	-
3)	Enter Label Number (O to 7). The display indicates Label O location OO	0 00
4)	Press Enter. Current data DD	0 00 DD
5)	Key in required Data	0 00 DD RR
6)	Press Step)	O 01 DD
	Repeat steps 5 and 6 until the label details are	complete
7)	Press Reset	2764F

To enter the labels into Elan from RS232 or EPROM

1) Load text into user Ram.

Label	No.	Start Address	End Address
0		0000	003F
1		0040	007F
2		080	008F
3		0000	00FF
4		0100	013F -
5		0140	017F
6		0180	01BF
7		0100	01FF

2)	Select Input	format O for labels	•	(Onn)
3)	Press Input			-
4)	Press Enter			0 00
5)		The contents of User RAM to O1FF is copied into label		2764

To Print Labels

RAM and saved.

()	Select output	format O for	labels.	(Onn)
2)	Press Output.			0000
ፕ ነ	Enter 4 digit	print control	HOTA:	1824

4) Press Enter. The required labels will be output to printer.