Clare voyance Chart

Surge Arrester

		Breakdo	own Voltage	Maximum		Maximum Follow-On Current		Maximum Capacitance	
Product Type	Product Name	DC (dV/dt = 500V/s)	Maximum Pulse (dV/dt = 100V/μs)	Holdover Voltage (VDC)	Test Current (mA) REA)	Peak Amperes (1/2 Cycle, 60Hz)	Typical Arc Voltage (I = 5A	Between Electrodes (With Leads)	Surge Life Test Condition
	CG	75 to 110	400 to 450	55 to 80	200	Not Applicable	10	1.00	500A (10/1000 μs Pulse)
	CG2	145 to 470	500 to 850	90 to 150	200	20	15	1.00	500A (10/1000 μs Pulse)
	1		1000 to 1500	1 ''	Not Applicable	20	15	1.00	500A (10/1000 μs Pulse)
	CG3	1500	2200	Not Applicable	ļ	300	30	1.00	0.002 μF/100 Ohms
	1	7500	10,0 0 0	Not Applicable	\	300	30	1.00	0.002 μF/100 Ohms
AC LINE PROTECTION	AC120	225 min.	700	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	300	20	1.00	Not applicable
	AC240	425 min.	800	Applicable Not Applicable	Applicable Not Applicable	300	20	1.00	Not applicable
HREE- LECTRODE OMGAP	PMT3 (310)	250, 400	600 to 750	150	200	20	15	0.50 Line to Line	500A (10/1000 μs Pulse)
AIL SAFE	Fail safe option is possible: add suffix "F" after partnumber.								

Surge Protection: COMGAPS

Clare Comgaps are constructed of metal electrodes hermetically sealed in a gas-filled, rugged ceramic cylinder.

Unlike other protective components, such as avalanche diodes and varistors, Comgaps function as switches—dissipating a minimum amount of energy. The energy of the transient is dissipated in other resistive elements of the circuit, primarily in the external circuit wiring. Thus, Comgaps don't suffer the fate of other protective devices—overheating and failing when they handle peak surge currents beyond their ratings.

Clare Comgaps offer three distinctive performance characteristics not found in other protective devices:

- High insulation resistance
- Low capacitance
- High current capability

Depending on your requirements, a wide variety of protective characteristics is available.

CG/CG2 devices are recommended for low dc voltage capacitive discharge applications. They offer low dc breakdown ratings, good performance, and extremely low arc voltages.

CG2 devices are best used where microsecond transient rise times are expected. They provide fast response time, high holdover voltage, and high follow-on current capacity.

CG3 devices are best suited for applications where bias voltages or signal levels of several hundred volts are normally present. They are designed to handle breakdown voltages of 1.5 kV and 7.5 kV.

AC Line Protection Series

The AC series of surge protection devices has been designed

specifically for AC line protection applications. Packaged in the same rugged metal/ceramic package as the Comgap's product line, these devices provide the low impedance switching action and high peak current capabilities of traditional gas tube designs while optimizing the ability to extinguish in the presence of AC follow-on current. In most applications, there is no longer the need for a current limiting device to assume the turn off of the gas discharge tube. By taking advantage of the principles of a multi-stage (hybrid) surge protection circuit, it is now practical to design a surge protection circuit with subnanosecond response time, precise control of transient energy let-through and a peak surge current rating of >20,000 amps even for cost sensitive applications such as power supplies, home stereos, monitors and printers.

j. 1)	M	aximum Surge		Maximum AC	Current	Insulation	Resistance	
No. of Surges (Min.)	No. of Pulses	Test Condition	Rating (Amps)	Test Condition	Rating (Amps)	Test Condition (VDC)	Rating (MOhms)	Page
1000	5	8/20 μs Pulse	20,000	60Hz, 1 sec, 10 times	20	50	10.000	60
1000	5	8/20 μ s Pulse	20,000	60Hz, 1 sec, 10 times	. 20	100	10,000	
1000	10	8/20 μ s Pulse	10,000	60Hz.	10	100	10,000	60
500	5	8/20 μs Pulse	1,000			100	1.000	
500	5	8/20 μs Pulse	1,000			100	1.000	60
						I		
t applicable	4	8/20 μs Pulse	10,000	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	100	10,000	60
ot applicable	4	8/20 μs Pulse	10,000	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	100	10,000	60
400	10	8/20 µs Pulse	10.000 per side	110VAC, 60Hz, 11 cycles	65 per side	100	10,000	60

Super-Fast PMT3(310) Series

The PMT3(310) series Comgaps* are 3 electrode, bipolar, heavy duty surge arresters designed to protect electronic equipment from damage due to excessive voltages and currents. They are rugged metal/ ceramic miniature devices capable of high levels of transient energy protection. The PMT3(310) products have extremely fast response times characterized by the surge breakdown voltage, which describes their dynamic behavior. Typical surge breakdown voltage is below 1kV when the surge arrester is subjected to a transient having a frontal slope rising at the rate of 10kV per microsecond. DC holdover voltage of the arrester is high, thus making it possible for the device to be used where DC voltages are present. This series is available with a fail safe clip option.

Fig. 1
End-of-Life Characteristics/Failure Mode-CG/CG2/AC Line Family

Breakdown Voltage
Breakdown voltage less than 50% of minimal or greater than 150% of maximum shall be considered a failure.

Less than 1 Megohm.

V Impulse
Impulse breakdown greater than 150% of maximum shall be considered a failure.

Short Circuit
IR less than 100 Ohm at .1 ampere.

(95% of units tested will not exceed the end-of-life limits upon completion of any test.)

Clare

Surge Arrester Technology

Clare surge arresters protect personnel and equipment from damaging high-voltage surges from lightning, inductive switching, nuclear electromagnetic generation, or electrostatic discharge. Through ongoing research and engineering improvements, Clare has developed a family of surge arresters that offer impressive characteristics for a variety of applications. Three differentiating characteristics are found in every Clare surge arrester:

- High surge current rating
- Long life
- Fast response

Standardized Surge Types and Solutions

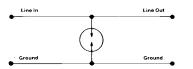
The transient sources mentioned above carry varying levels of threat depending on a number of factors. To select the proper surge protective component, a set of quantitative requirements for measuring the surge arrester's perform-

ance is essential. Some governmental and regulatory agencies have issued specifications which model the threat. Characteristics of the four transient sources are listed below, in terms of open circuit voltage and short circuit current waveforms, the names of the specifying agents (if available), and the Clare products which meet those requirements.

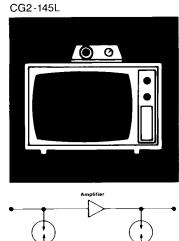
Surge Source	Specifying Agents	Application	Open Circuit Voltage Waves	Short-Circuit Currents	Solutions	
Lightning (for communication lines)	FCC Part 68	Telephone Line Common Mode	1500V, 10 x 160μs	200A	PMT3 (310) 40010 (Common Mode and Normal Mode	
		Telephone Line Normal Mode	800V, 10 x 560μs	100A	CG2-350L (Normal Mode Only	
	REA PE-80	Trunk Carrier Systems	1kV, 100V/μs	500A, 10 x 1000μs	PMT3 (310) 40010	
	CCITT K17	Repeaters	5kV, 100 x 700μs	150-2400A	PMT3 (310) 40010	
Lightning (for power lines)	IEEE 587	Long Branch Circuits (AC Wall Outlet)	6kV, .5μs, 100KHz (Ring Wave)	200A	— AC120 (117 VAC line)	
		Short Branch Circuits (At Breaker Box, Computers, Ovens, Industrial Lighting, etc.)	(a) 6kV, .5μs, 100KHz (b) 6kV, 1.2 x 50μs	500A 3kA, 8 x 20μs	— AC240 (220 VAC line)	
		Exterior Circuits (Submersible Pumps, etc.)	10kV, 1.2 x 50μs	10kA, 8 x 20µs	— AC480 (480 AC line)	
Inductive Switching MIL-STD-1399		_	2.5kV, 1.5 x 40μs	100A	CG/CG2 SERIES (Depending on application)	
Nuclear Electromagnetic Pulse —		_	1kV, 10 x 150ns	100A	CG/CG2 SERIES (For use in hybrid circuits)	
Electrostatic Discharge	_	_	5kV, 10 x 100ns	80A	CG/CG2 SERIES (Depending on application)	



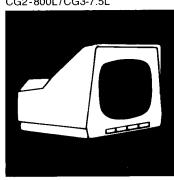


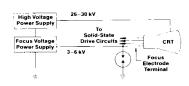


Cable TV



CRT Focus Circuit CG2-800L/CG3-7.5L



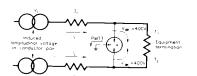


Clare Surge Arrester Applications

Application	Protected Equipment	CLARE PART NUMBER
CATV	Trunk Amplifier Cable Extender Splitter Grounding Block Converter Box 30, 60VAC Power Supply	CG2-145L, CG2-230L
AC Line Protection	All AC Loads	AC120 (117VAC LINE) AC240 (220VAC LINE)
Communication	Modem	CG2-350L PMT3 (310) 40010
Test	Antenna Connected Equipment	CG2-145L CG90L, & CG2-230L
Equipment	Meter Inputs	CG75L, CG2-300L
Power Supplies	Voltage Doubler Capacitors, Voltage Regulator, Rectifier Diodes	CG2-230L, CG2-470L
Computer	Data Lines	CG90L, CG2-230L, PMT3 (310) 40010
CRT Terminal	Focus Electrode	CG2-800L, CG3-7.5L
Capacitive Discharge	Ignition Circuit Components Pulse Generator Components	CG2-230L, CG2-350L
Signal Lines (single ended)	Alarm Circuits	CG75I
Signal Lines (balanced)	Alarm Circuits	PMT3 (310) 40010
	Paging Systems	PMT3 (310) 25010
Telephone Line (simultaneous common mode & normal mode protection)	Telephone Interface Cards Telephone Line Cards Repeaters In-Line & Remote Phone Line Test Equipment Central Office Protector Modules	PMT3 (310) 40010
Medical Electronics	Defibrillator	CG2-800L, CG75L
Process Control (24MA Signal Loop)	Instrumentation Circuits	CG75L, CG90L

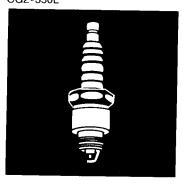
Telephone Line PMT3 (310) 25010 PMT3 (310) 40010

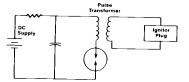




Pulse Generator

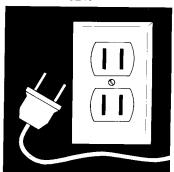
Ignition Circuits/Capacitive Discharge CG2-230L CG2-350L





AC Power Line

117V Line: AC120 220V Line: AC240





Surge Arresters Series CG, CG2, CG3, AC, PMT3(310)



Engineering Specifications	CG/CG2	CG3	AC	PMT3 (310)	
Surge Life					
(No. of Operations)					
10A 10/1000 surge life	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	
100A 10/1000 surge life	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
500A 10/1000 surge life	1000	N/A	N/A	400	
Surge Current					
8/20 (kA)	20**	10	10	20	
AC Current					
10 operations 60Hz for 1 sec.					
with 3 minute intervals	20.0**	N/A	N/A	N/A	
11 cycles 60Hz (A)	20.0	N/A	N/A	130.0	
Insulation Resistance					
100VDC, except 50VDC for					
units with DC breakdown					
less than 150V (MOhms)	10000	10000	10000	10000	
Temperature-Stabilize at					
temp for 1 hour then					
measure DC, IR, impulse					
Minimum operating temp	- 65°C	- 65°C	- 65°C	- 65°C	
Maximum operating temp	+ 125°C	+ 125°C	+ 125°C	+ 125°C	
Weight	2.0g	2 0g	2 0g	3 5g	
		_	_	=	

Features: **Mechanical Dimensions**

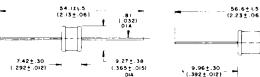
■ Fastest surge arresting response.

- High peak surge current capability.
- Lowest interelectrode capacitance.
- Rugged ceramic construction.
- Available on tape and reel for automatic insertion for some product types.
- Hermetically sealed.
- Meets the requirements of REA PE-80, IEEE 587. CCITT K12 (pending).
- UL recognition on some products.

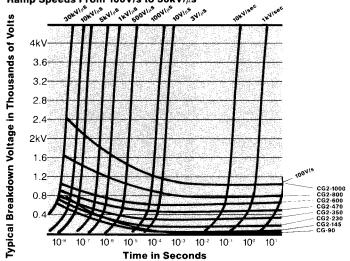
Fig. 3

All dimensions are measured in millimeters (inches).

Fig. 2



Voltage Breakdown Characteristics for CG and CG2 Series Ramp Speeds From 100V/s to 30kV/µs



Tape & Reel

Besides the standard packing, we offer also "TAPE & REEL", according to EIA standard RS-296-D.

The standard patch is .394 inches. Inside tape spacing is 2.87 inches. The standard packing unit for TAPE & REEL is 1000 pcs.

Ordering Code: Add "TR" to the part number, i.e. CG90LTR

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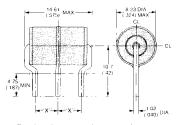
Fig. 5

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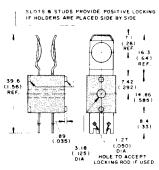
PIN LAYOUT - PMT3							
PMT3 (310) 250.XX X PIN CENTERS							
XX suffix : 10	DIM. X: 4.75 mm (.187")						
XX suffix : 04	DIM. X: 4.40 mm (.173")						
XX suffix : 06	DIM. X: 6.35 mm (.250")						

Fig. 4 PMT3 (310) Series



head centers of either 4.39 (.173), 4.75 (.187), or 6.35 (.250). Each is available in the PMT3 (310) series.

Fig. 6 CGH₁



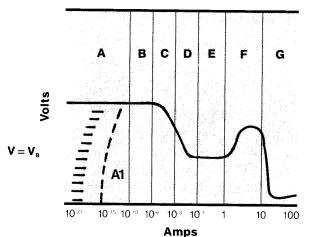
Clare

Operating Characteristics

			Breakde Voltage		Impulse Breakdown	Maximum Capacitance Between Electrodes @ 1MHz (pF)
Part Number	Fig. No.	Nominal Voltage (VDC)	-	Max. Volts	@ 100V/μs (Maximum Voltage)	
CG75L*	1	75	60	90	400	1.0
CG90L*	1	90	72	108	400	1.0
CG110L*	1	110	88	132	450	1.0
CG2-145L*	1	145	116	174	500	1.0
CG2-230L*	1	230	195	265	600	1.0
CG2-300L*	1	300	255	345	700	1.0
CG2-350L*	1	350	297	403	750	1.0
CG2-470L*	1	470	400	540	850	1.0
CG2-600L**	1	600	510	690	1000	1.0
CG2-800L**	1	800	680	920	1200	1.0
CG2-1000L**	1	1000	850	1150	1500	1.0
CG3-1.5L*	2	1500	1275	1725	2200	1.0
CG3-7.5L*	3	7500	6375	8625	10000	1.0
CGH1	5	Holder	For Unli	eaded D	evice	
PMT3(310)25010*	4	250	200	300	600	1.0
PMT3(310)35010*	4	350	300	400	750	1.0
PMT3(310)40010* ADD "F" Suffix to pa	4 art num	400 ober for fail	300 safe clir	500	750	1.0
AC120*	1	N/A	225	N/A	700	1.0
AC240*	1	N/A	425	N/A	800	1.0

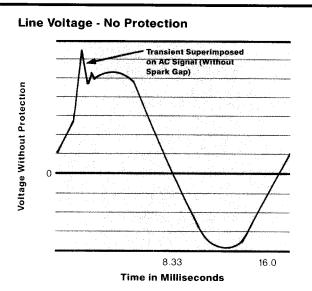
^{*} Designates standard stocking item for authorized Clare distributors.

Operating Characteristics of a Typical Clare Plasma Arrester

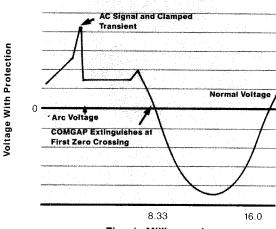


Schematic form of V-i relationship of a plasma device.

- A. For low values of voltage, gas provides a good insulator. Also, low currents result from ionization by external agents, such as cosmic rays, high energy photons, etc. As a result, the current is subject to statistical fluctuations in this region.
- A1. In this region, the current is higher due to the supplementary sources of electrons, such as photoemission.
- B. In this region, the discharge is self-sustained—meaning that if the external agents are removed, we still get the same current. This is known as the breakdown voltage of the device.
- C. The transition region.
- D. The glow region.
- E. The abnormal glow region.
- F. The transition region.
- **G.** The arc.



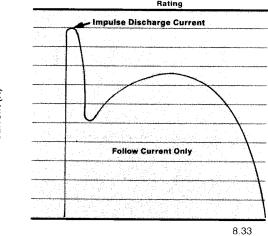
Line Voltage - With Protection



Time in Milliseconds

Follow-On Current Characteristics

Peak Current thru gap must be limited to follow Current Rating



Time in Milliseconds Period of Spark Gap Current

For CG2-600L, CG2-800L, CG2-1000L see pages 56 and 57 for specifications.

Surge Arresters

Other Clare Product Offerings

TA, TB

- Triggerable spark gaps.
- Command energy switching in crowbars, exploding bridge wire system and xenon flash tube trigger.
- Self DC breakdown voltages—

TA: 1000 to 15000V TB: 2500 to 25000V





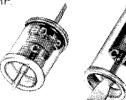
PMT (301)

- Surge protection against fast rising transients.
- Ideal for avionics and military applications.
- Currently used in the B-1B and F-15 air force programs.
- DC breakdown voltages 350 to 3500V.



UBD, UBT

- Protects against nuclear EMP.
- Fastest response time.
- DC breakdown voltages— UBD: 550 to 4000V UBT: 4000 to 20000V



TD, TN

- Used in microwave and radar systems to provide "white noise" in frequency range of 0.5 -220.0GHz.
- Solid state, current regulated power supplies also available.
- TD series available in L, S, C, X, KU, K, and KA bands.



- Overvoltage protection in high voltage circuits.
- High energy switching in pulse generating circuits.
- DC breakdown voltages— SB: 400 to 5000V SG: 2000 to 40000V



